1. Use the l'Hospital rule to compute

$$
\lim _{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \arctan x}{1-\cos ^{2} x}
$$

2. Find intervals where is the function

$$
f(x)=3 x-x^{3} .
$$

concave and where it is convex. Determine also the coordinates of a point of inflexion.
3. Solve

$$
\int \frac{x^{2}}{x+1} \mathrm{~d} x
$$

4. Find all solutions to

$$
y^{\prime \prime}+4 y^{\prime}+3 y=5
$$

