1. Consider a matrix

$$
A=\left(\begin{array}{ccc}
1 & -1 & 1 \\
1 & -3 & 3 \\
1 & 1 & -1
\end{array}\right)
$$

(a) Explain what is a singular matrix and what is a regular matrix.
(b) Compute $\operatorname{det} A$.
(c) Determine, whether $A$ is singular or regular.
(d) Find all vectors $\mathbf{v}=\left(\begin{array}{l}x \\ y \\ z\end{array}\right)$ fulfilling

$$
A \mathbf{v}=0
$$

2. Consider an equation

$$
x^{3}+y^{3}-3 x y-3=0
$$

(a) Does there exist a function $y(x)$ given by the equation on some neighborhood of a point $(1,2)$ ? Carefully verify all needed assumptions.
(b) Compute $y^{\prime}(1)$ for the function from the previous step.
(c) Write an equation of the tangent line to the graph of the function $y$ at the point $(1,2)$.
3. Find all solution to

$$
\mathrm{x}^{\prime}=\left(\begin{array}{cc}
1 & -1 \\
1 & 3
\end{array}\right) \mathbf{x}
$$

4. Compute

$$
\int_{\mathcal{K}} x y z \mathrm{~d} s
$$

where $\mathcal{K}$ is a curve whose parametrization is

$$
\begin{aligned}
x & =t \\
y & =\frac{1}{3} \sqrt{8 t^{3}} \\
z & =\frac{1}{2} t^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

where $t \in[0,1]$.

